

## Synthetic and natural ammonium-bearing tourmaline

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### ABSTRACT

Due to the similar ionic radius of K<sup>+</sup> and NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, K-silicates can incorporate a significant amount of NH<sub>4</sub>. As tourmaline is able to accommodate K in its crystal structure at high and ultrahigh pressure, we test if this also holds true for NH<sub>4</sub>.

Piston-cylinder experiments in the system (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O-MgO-SiO<sub>2</sub>-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O at 4.0 GPa, 700 °C, with B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and NH<sub>4</sub>OH in excess produce an assemblage of tourmaline, phengite, and coesite. The tourmaline crystals are up to 10 × 40 µm in size. EMP analyses indicate that the tourmalines contain 0.22 ( $\pm 0.03$ ) wt% (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O and are solid solutions mainly along the magnesio-foitite and “NH<sub>4</sub>-dravite” join with the average structural formula  $\text{X}[(\text{NH}_4)_{0.08(1)}\square_{0.92(1)}]^{\text{Y}}[\text{Mg}_{2.28(8)}\text{Al}_{0.72(8)}]^{\text{Z}}[\text{Al}_{5.93(6)}\text{Si}_{0.07(6)}]^{\text{T}}[\text{Si}_{6.00(5)}\text{O}_{18}](\text{BO}_3)_3(\text{OH})_4$ .

NH<sub>4</sub> incorporation is confirmed by characteristic <N-H> stretching and bending modes in the IR-spectra of single crystals on synthetic tourmaline. Further evidence is the increased unit-cell parameters of the tourmaline [ $a = 15.9214(9)$  Å,  $c = 7.1423(5)$  Å,  $V = 1567.9(2)$  Å<sup>3</sup>] relative to pure magnesio-foitite.

Incorporation of NH<sub>4</sub> in natural tourmaline was tested in a tourmaline-bearing mica schists from a high- $P$ /low- $T$  (>1.2 GPa/550 °C) metasedimentary unit of the Erzgebirge, Germany, rich in NH<sub>4</sub>. The NH<sub>4</sub>-concentrations in the three main NH<sub>4</sub>-bearing phases are: biotite (~1400 ppm) > phengite (~700 ppm) > tourmaline (~500 ppm). This indicates that tourmaline can act as important carrier of nitrogen between the crust and the deep Earth, which has important implications for a better understanding of the large-scale light element cycle.

**Keywords:** Tourmaline, high-pressure synthesis, ammonium, Erzgebirge mica-schists, nitrogen cycle