

Bicapite, $\text{KNa}_2\text{Mg}_2(\text{H}_2\text{PV}_{14}^{5+}\text{O}_{42}) \cdot 25\text{H}_2\text{O}$, a new polyoxometalate mineral with a bicapped Keggin anion from the Pickett Corral mine, Montrose County, Colorado, U.S.A.

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ABSTRACT

Bicapite, $\text{KNa}_2\text{Mg}_2(\text{H}_2\text{PV}_{14}^{5+}\text{O}_{42}) \cdot 25\text{H}_2\text{O}$, is a new mineral species (IMA2018-048) discovered at the Pickett Corral mine, Montrose County, Colorado, U.S.A. Bicapite occurs as square tablets up to about 0.2 mm on edge on montroseite-covusite-bearing sandstone. Crystals are dark red-brown, often appearing black. The streak is orange, and the luster is vitreous. Bicapite is brittle, has a Mohs hardness of $1\frac{1}{2}$, and displays one excellent cleavage on $\{100\}$. The measured density is $2.44(2) \text{ g/cm}^3$. Bicapite is uniaxial (+), $\omega = 1.785(5)$, $\epsilon \approx 1.81$ (white light); pleochroism is red-brown; $E > O$, slight. The electron probe microanalysis and results of the crystal structure determination provided the empirical formula (based on 67 O apfu) $(\text{K}_{1.23}\text{Na}_{2.23}\text{Mg}_{1.48})_{\Sigma 4.94}[\text{H}_{2.51}\text{P}_{1.02}(\text{V}_{13.91}^{5+}\text{Mo}_{0.07}^{6+})_{\Sigma 13.98}\text{O}_{42}] \cdot 25\text{H}_2\text{O}$. Bicapite is tetragonal, $I4/m$, with $a = 11.5446(12) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 20.5460(14) \text{ \AA}$, $V = 2738.3(6) \text{ \AA}^3$, and $Z = 2$. The strongest four lines in the diffraction pattern are [d in \AA (I) (hkl)]: 10.14 (100) (002,101); 2.978 (29) (134,206); 2.809 (11) (305); and 2.583 (11) (420,008). The atomic arrangement of bicapite was solved and refined to $R_1 = 0.0465$ for 1008 independent reflections with $I > 2\sigma I$. The structural unit is a $[\text{H}_2\text{PV}_{12}^{5+}\text{O}_{40}(\text{V}^{5+}\text{O})_2]^{7-}$ heteropolyanion composed of 12 distorted VO_6 octahedra surrounding a central PO_4 tetrahedron and capped on opposite sides by two VO_5 square pyramids; the structural unit is a modification of the α -isomer of the Keggin anion, $[\text{XM}_{12}\text{O}_{40}]^{n-}$. Charge balance in the structure is maintained by the $[\text{KNa}_2\text{Mg}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_{25}]^{7+}$ interstitial complex. The name bicapite is in recognition of this being the only known mineral with a structure based on a bicapped Keggin anion. The discovery of bicapite and numerous other natural polyoxometalate compounds in the Colorado Plateau uranium/vanadium deposits make that the most productive region found to date for naturally occurring polyoxometalate compounds.

Keywords: Bicapite, new mineral, crystal structure, polyoxometalate, bicapped Keggin anion, Pickett Corral mine, Montrose County, Colorado, U.S.A.