

**LETTER**

**New pressure-induced phase transition to Co<sub>2</sub>Si-type Fe<sub>2</sub>P**

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**ABSTRACT**

We found a new phase transition in Fe<sub>2</sub>P from Co<sub>2</sub>P-type (C23) to Co<sub>2</sub>Si-type (C37) structure above  $42 \pm 2$  GPa based on in situ X-ray diffraction experiments. While these two structures have identical crystallographic symmetry, the orthorhombic unit cell is shortened in *a*-axis but elongated in *c*-axis, the coordination number of phosphorous increases from nine to 10, and the volume reduces by 2% across the phase transition. The new C37-type Fe<sub>2</sub>P phase has been found to be stable, at least to 83 GPa at high temperature. The Birch-Murnaghan equation of state for C37 Fe<sub>2</sub>P was also obtained from pressure-volume data, suggesting that phosphorous contributes to 17% of the observed density deficit of the Earth's outer core when it includes the maximum 1.8 wt% P as observed in iron meteorites. In addition, since both Fe<sub>2</sub>S and Ni<sub>2</sub>Si are also known to have the C37 structure under high pressure, (Fe,Ni)<sub>2</sub>(S,Si,P) could have wide solid solution and constitute planetary iron cores, although it is not dense enough to be a main constituent of the Earth's inner core.

**Keywords:** Iron phosphides, Fe<sub>2</sub>P, high pressure, core, light element